## RECEIVED THEIR DESERTS.

Anarchy's Cowardly Crew Condemned to Death in Chicago.

FOUL FRUIT FOR THE GALLOWS.

Tremendous Interest Taken in the Outcome of the Trial-Scenes in Court-The Verdict Received With Cheers.

The Anarchists Convicted. CHICAGO, August 20.-There were four different versions given out this morning as to the verdict decided upon by the jury in the anarchist cases. The only accepted one was that the jury had decided upon a verdict, and that all the defendants except Neebe had been found guilty and given various grades of punishment. The police rumor was that six men-Spies, Fielden, Fischer, Parsons, Schwab and Lingg had been found guilty of murder, and that Neebe and Engle were to be given a penitentiary sentence. Another statement reduced the

who would receive the capital penalty to three-Spies, Fielden and Fisher. There was no way of accurately determining any of these rumors until the verdict was given at 10 o'clock. The twelve jurymen remained in their rooms at the Revere house just across the street from the criminal court rooms. About this building

LARGE NUMBER OF POLICE to prevent any attempt to break in upon the privacy of the jury. In front of the main entrance to the court house were thirty police and three lines of police and court baliffs had to be encountered before any one could approach the court room.

At 9 this morning there were twenty police In uniform in the court room and several press representatives. The court officials decided that the relatives of the prisoners should be allowed in the court room and at 9:15 o'clock the sister of Spies, with another young woman, made her appearance. She moved as though she would proceed in close proximity of the chairs heretofore occupied by the prisoners, but she was motioned to a seat on the opposite side of the court room in rear of the line of police officers, thus indicating that the prisoners were not to be surrounded by their admirers. Shortly afterward the mother of Spies, accompanied by a younger son, also entered the court room and took a seat on the back benches.

THE JURY left their hotel at 9:16 o'clock and under guidance of ten balliffs took their way to the court house and were conducted to the inner room, immediately adjoining the main court room. At 9:20 Mrs. Parsons entered the court room, accompanied by the woman who had attended her throughout the trial. She was given a seat between two policemen, and with two policemen immediately in her rear. Whether this precaution was to guard against any extraordinary exploit in the court room or not is of course not known, but the seat accorded the female anarchist was deemed significant. Mrs. Black, the wife of the chief counsel for the prisoners who has been in court daily, proceeded to her former seat near the prisoners. but was requested to take her seat on the opposite side of the court room. Mrs. Black remarked to a newspaper reporter, as she laid down the package of newspapers, "Well, they say it has all gone against our men. They take it very well though." The sheriff has refused to allow any one to see the prisoners, and no one has been permitted to enter the jail since the case was given to the jury yes-

terday afternoon. were brought into the court room at 9:52 o'clock and were seated at the northeast corner of the court room on some side benches The court was called to order at 9:54. The prisoners were not observable to the eyes of but very few in the court room. They pre sented about the usual appearance, though Sples and Fischer looked pale. The jury arrived at 9:55 o'clock. There was an impressive silence as they filed in. The tremendous interest taken in the outcome of the trial and the finding of the jury, was illustrated by the crowd which had gathered in front of the court house to await the announcement. Nearly twenty thousand people were gathered on Michigan street in front of the main entrance to the building, gazing up at the windows. The police kept the crowd mov-

windows. The police kept the crowd moving, however, and it appeared to be composed almost entirely of simply curious people. Judge Gary arrived at 9:47 o'clock, and almost at the same moment Captain Black and Ziesler. When the jury appeared, Judge Gary enjoined absolute silence. There was whispered consultation between the judge and the clerk when THE VERDICT

was read as follows; "The jury find the defendants—August Spies, Michael Schwab, Samuel Fielding, Albert R. Parsons, Adolph Fischer, George Engle and James Lingg—guilty of murder as charged in the indictment, and fix the penalty at death. We find the defendant Oscar W. Neebe guilty of murder in the manner and form charged in the indictment, and fix the penalty at imprisonment in the penitentiary for fifteen years."

Capt. Black asked that the jury be polled. The jurymen answered with firm voices. Capt. Black said he would desire to make a motion for a new trial. State's Attorney Grinnell sai it would be impossible to dispose of the motion at the present term, but by agreement the motion could be argued at the September term. This was agreed to by the defense. The court let the motion be entered and continued until the next term and the defendants be taken back to jail. The court then arose and addressed the jury as follows: "Centlemen of the jury—You have finished this long and very ardmous trial, which has required very considerable sacrifice of time and some hardship. I hope that everything has been done that could possibly be done to make those sacrifices and hardships as mild as might be permitted. It does not become me to say anything in regard to the case you have tried or the verdict you have rendered, but men compulsorily serving, as you have done, deserve some recognition of the service you have performed beside the meagre compensation you have received."

The foreman of the jury said: "The jury Capt. Black asked that the jury be polled.

performed beside the meagre compensation you have received."

The foreman of the jury said: "The jury have deputed to me the only agrecable duty that it is our province to perform, and that is to thank the court and counsel for the defense and prosecution for your kindly care to make us as comfortable as possible during our continement. We thank you."

The court responded briefly.

The prisoners had filed out during this interim under the guidance of the bailiffs. Hardly had the jury left the room when

Hardly had the jury left the room when

A PIERICING SHRIEK

Was heard, followed by the heavy failing of the wife of Schwab to the floor, to whom the result of the verdict had been interpreted. She is also sister of Schnaubelt, the alleged bomb thrower. She was carried out to the air by the police and soon revived. Mrs. Parsons looked haggard as she started to leave the court room, but maintained a moderate degree of composure. The crowd remained outside for an hour after the reading of the verdict. It is understood that the authorities how contemplate the immediate arrest of all persons even indirectly connected with the Haymarket tragedy for conspiracy, and that it is acknowledged that many of the active leaders, hearing the outcome of the verdict, are preparing to leave the city.

While the jury was being polied there were cheers distinctly heard in the court room by the crowd outside at the result of the verdict.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon a large force was gathered at th Chicago avenue police station under command of Captain Schaack, and a little later Chief Anderson arrived. It is current rumor about town that the police was a list containing the names of hearly

three hundred men who were engaged in the anarchist conspiracy, and that wholesale ar-rests lenceforth will be the order. It is re-ported that the names of Mrs. Parsons and Mrs. Holmes are among those for whom war-rants have been issued charging them with

Chicago's Press on the Verdict. CHICAGO, August 20.-The Arbeiter Zeltung, of which August Spies was editor up to the time of his arrest on account of the Hay market massacre, reviewed the verdict in the anarchist trial in its baue of this afternoon

inder the heading "Shameful". The Inter Ocean, in an editorial for its ssue for to-morrow morning, will say: "The world has heard of this signal verdict with a sense of profound relief. The verdict is unquestionably the voice of justice—a solemn verdict of the world's best civilization. Law is not throttled. Justice is not dead."

The Times will say editorially: "The jury agreed upon a verdict on the first ballot, the

voice of every man being for guilty of the crime of murder as charged in the indict-ment. The execution of the death penalty upon the socialist malefactors in Chicago will be, in its effect, the execution of the death penalty upon the socialist propaganda in this country. this country."
The Daily News will say: "In regard to

The Daily News will say: "In regard to the conviction and sentence of Oscar Neebe, the jury has shown itself wiser than the general public. It has weighed the part he took in distributing the 'revenge' circulars as a part of the conspiracy, and the verdict says to every weak, malletons or infatuated dupe of the doctrines of anarchy, 'Touch not the foul thing lest you perish in its certain condemnation,'"

What New York Papers Say. New York, August 20.—The Staats-Zeit-ung, commenting on the Chicago verdict, has the following: "The verdict is perfectly has the following: "The verdict is perfectly in accordance with the letter as well as the spirit of the law, declaring the fullest responsibility of the intellectual author of the crime, and we do not believe that there is as much as a shadow of a chance left for the prisoners to be saved from the gallows."

The World, in an article headed. "Triumph of law." says: "Through no feelings of a revengeful character, but through a deep sense that the circumstances demand it, the

of a revengeful character, but through a deep sense that the circumstances demand it, the people of the United States will commend the verdict of the jury in the trial of the Chicago anarchists. They will do this because it was justified by the evidence, and because it was necessary that the status of the peculiar crime involved should be distinctly and emphatically established by the courts."

The Sun, commenting on the anarchist conviction, says: "The best intelligence that can be printed in many a day, wholesome and cheering to all who respectlaw and order and love their country, is that which comes from Chicago. She deserves the thanks and gratitude of every community in the country, and she has them in the fullest measure." The Herald says: "The verdict which con-

demns seven of the Chicago anarchists to death and the other one to a long term of imprisonment will be hailed with general imprisonment will be hailed with general satisfaction, not equalled since that which followed the conviction of Guiteau. It will be a timely and wholesome warning to anarchists, not only in Chicago, but in New York, San Francisco, New Orleans, or whereever they may be found, that the red flag of anarchism cannot be openly run up with impunity in this country."

Delighted With the Verdiet. WASHINGTON, August 20 .- | Special Telegram to the BEE. ]-The report of the conviction of the bomb-throwers in Chicago to-day was received with expressions of delight by everybody in Washington, from the highest to the lowest officials in the government. The universal sentiment was that the Chicago jury had brought in a just verdict and that the result would be beneficial to all con-

THE BASE BALL RECORD. Lincoln With a Mascotte Defeats Denver-Other Games. LINCOLN, Neb., August 20 .- [Special Tele gram to the BEE.]-The second of the Lincoln-Denver games on the home grounds today was exciting throughout and was won by the home club in a score of 5 to 4. The postmaster of Seward was present and acted as mascotte for the Lincoln club with results satisfactory to himself as well as to the club. The following is the score by innings:

Lincoln..........0 3 1 0 0 0 0 1 0-5 Denver........0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 1-4 OTHER GAMES. 

Errors-Boston 3, Washington 14. Umpire AT BALTIMORE-

Chicago ........0 0 1 2 1 0 0 0 0-4
Pitchers—Baldwin and Clarkson. Base
hits—Detroit 10, Chicago 5, Errors—Detroit
4, Chicago 7, Umpire—Powers.

Jmpire—Fulmer. At St. Louis—

Saratoga Races. SARATOGA, N. Y., August 20.—The attendance at the races to-day was good, the weather cool and pleasant, and the track in fair condition. Purse, five furlongs: Mahoney won. Vil

lage Boy second, Lesbia third. Time—1:05%.
Purse, one mile: Hattie Carlisle won, Una
B. second, Grenadier third. Time—1:45%.
Purse, three-fourths mile: Birthday won,
Glenalmond second, Patrocles third. Time One mile: Shamrock won. Lafitte second, Fairmount third. Time—1:145.
Selling allowances, one mile and three-sixteenths: Orlando won, Zamora second, Joe Mitchell third. Time, 2:0614.

Coney Island Races. BRIGHTON BEACH, N. Y., August 20,-Three-quarter mile: Governor Roberts won. Rosier second, Barbara third. Time-1:1614.

Mile: Peacock won, Battledoor second Embargo third. Time-1:1714. Seven-eighths mile: Miller won. Mon-bank second. Eva K third. Time—1:3134. Mile: Delilah won, Cathcart second, Pilot third. Time—1:3534. One and one-quarter miles: Treasurer won. Windsall second, Monitor third. Time —2:1144.

-2:114.
One and one-sixteenth miles: Exile won,
Olivette second, King Victor third. Time

CHICAGO, August 20.-Walter H. Judson and Joseph W. Golden, of the firm of Judand Joseph W. Golden, of the firm of Judson & Co., to-day made an assignment to
H. P. Kellogg, of Chicago, of stock and accounts of the carpet establishment tocated at
the northwest corner of State and Washington streets. The liabilities as scheduled
amount to \$158,000, of which the Farmers
and Merchants National bank of Philadelphia hold \$8,779, the Kensington National
bank of Phitadelphia \$27,030, the
Merchants National bank of Chicago \$4,022
in judgment notes. The balance of the
liabilities are held by eighty-eight creditors.
The assets are given as \$13,457,730.

## FAREWELL TO OLD ENGLAND.

Eloquent Address of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes on Leaving for Home.

LONDON EDITORS BADLY MIXED.

They Concoct an Irish Stew With Socialistic Seasoning-Poor Excuses for Editorials-The Galled

Jades Wince.

Banquet Table Talk. LIVERPOOL, August 21 .- | New York Herald Cable-Special to the Ben.]-Oliver Wendell Holmes will leave England on the Auramia this morning. Yesterday he visited the exhibition, and last night he was entertained at a banquet given at the Adelphi hotel by the medical society. In response to a toast to his health, the professor, at the dinner table, said: "Gentlemen, loving friends and hosts, I cannot help recalling my first visit to your noble and famous city. Most of you then were future possibilities, rather than present actualities. It was in 1834 that I happened to be passing through Manchester. I had heard there was a new mode of convey ance operating between that city and Liver-

CALLED A RAILWAY. This I had never seen, though I had traveled a good deal in Great Britain and on the continent. So, just to discover what traveling on a railway was like, and to have a story to tell of its wonders, 1 booked myself for Liverpool and whistled through the space between the two cities, seemingly to my tutored senses as if I had been shot from the mouth of a gigantic piece of ordnance. After a glance at your docks and public buildings I whistled back to Manchester like a return shot from another similar cannon. Of course the difference between the world of 1834 and 1856 I would not pretend to speak, unless we were to pass a

LIFETIME AT THIS TABLE, and to have a session of indefinite continu-ance afterward. But what a difference to myself between my first and second visit. I then knew no human being in your great city-not one of its inhabitants had he ard of my name. I came unwelcomed. I left without God speed on my journey ho me." (Here the professor paused a moment and was visibly affected). He then continued: "On my second visit I was met even before landed by a delegation from one of your medical associations. If London is the

THROBBING HEART OF ENGLAND, Liverpool is her warm hand, and that hand was stretched out over the cold waves of the harbor to clasp my own in friendly greeting. It grieved me that I could not then accept your hospitality, but the fatigues and trials of the voyage had made rest indispensable. I could think of nothing better than to take refuge in the venerable and delightful somnolent city of Chester, where I remained a few days as contented as the indigenous tenants of the mouldiest of Cheshire's cheese. I cannot, nowever, do justice to the manner in which have been everywhere received. Any phrase of mine would be a most inadequate return for the months of

LOVING AND ASSIDUO US ATTENTION through which I have been living. You need not ask me, therefore, the almost stereotype question, how I like England and Scotland. I cannot help loving both, and I only regret 1 could not accept the welcome But there is something more than personal sentiment in these feelings at this moment. I know that my countrymen are gratified when the humblest of their fellow citizens are cordially welcomed and honorably entertained in our mother country. The courtesy which I have received has not been thrown away, however much have exceeded my deserts. h ey are hundreds, yes, thousands, at home, who have said as they read in the newspapers the record of all that has been done for me, 'Inasmuch as you have done all this for one of the least of our brethren, you have done it unto us,' and thus my brief visit may add one more filament to that everstrengthening bond which binds the imperial mother and

HER MIGHTIEST OFFSPRING in a sacred, great and imperishable union. So I will say with one of the first generation of our Puritan exiles, 'Farewell, dear, dear England. Let us trust that the waves which roll between us shall never drown our mutual affection, nor storms that lash them into fury foreshadow any disturbances in the harmony of our parental and filial relations.' " When Mr. Holmes resumed his seat the applause was deafening, but the simple, ingenuous and sincere manner of the speaker seemed to produce more effect than his words. He appears to be in very much better

health than when he landed. ANARCHISTS AND IRISH. Comments of the English Press on Chicago's Two Great Events.

[Copyrighted.] London, August 21., 4 a. m .- New York Herald Cable-Special to the BEE.]-The conviction of the Chicago anarchists and their capital sentences is the sensational topic of the hour in London. The government organ, the Morning Post, thus con gratulates Chicago:

SALUTARY LESSON. "In this trial at Chicago the American people have shown very clearly and forcibly that they will not allow their hospitality to be abused. They have sheltered men who conspired against the governments of other countries. They have even allowed them to conspire on American soil. But when German anarchists made an attack upon the laws of the United States, it was seen at once that toleration might be carried too far. Charity begins at home, and from sound motives of self-protection the legal authorities of Chicago have gave their revolutionary

guests a salutary lesson." A CHANGE OF SUBJECT. The leader then passes to the Irish event in that city, and on the speeches of Messrs. Fitzgerald and O'Brien at the convention, remarks: "A war against English rule in Ireland has been openly threatened. There is no doubt that some of the men present at that convention have been cognizant of the intrigues of the murderous ruffians who have attempted to destroy life and property in

London." AN ILLOGICAL CONCLUSION. It thus very illogically concludes: "Americans have shown by the verdict and sentence in the anarchist trial that they give short shift to foreign miscreants who have assailed law and order in the United States. It may in time become desirable that some international action should be taken for the suppression of such conspirators who, whether they are nihilists from Germany or dynamiters from the school of O'Donovan

Rossa, are enemies to civilization." THE CHBONICLE'S HOPE. The whilom radical Chronicie has an editorial in a similar strain. It arrives at this conclusion: "Now that the American government has expressed so clearly its refusal to differentiate between destruction of life and property on alleged political motives, and the same offenses committed without that lame excuse, it can hardly refuse to

complete the negotiations so recently begun for the conclusion of an extradition treaty expressly intended to deal with crimes committed under the vell of politics."

THE DATLY NEWS' JOCOSITY. PEG The Daily News remains jocular over the Chicago convention observing that "Their convention could hardly separate without boycotting something, and we deeply regret to announce that it has resolved upon boycotting English manufactures. Considering to what extent those products are already poycotted by the American tariff, this resolution cannot be described as anything better than a fallen for. The difficulty will be to find goods to beyout in the union." Its cable dispatches quote from the Herald that the proceedings may be regarded as a vote of confidence in Mr. Parnell and Mr. Gladstone. THE TIMES' AGGRESSIVENESS.

Somewhat as a tag to the two Chicago occurrences the Times aggressively says: "The Irish convention at Chicago, while abstaining from the dynamite programme, has just been unanimous in approving a scheme of agitation by as pitiable means as violent and as unscrupulous as any scheme of social plunder propounded by the wildest social-

A VICIOUS INTERPRETATION. The Standard interprets Mr. Redmond's speech as advising a revival of the old struggle against landlordism with its old concometants-veiled rebellion, lawlessness, boycotting and outrage. In fact this morning Chicago overshadows St. Stephens in newspaper importance. Of course Mr. Finerty is largely held up as a home rule bogey.

Both Sides Disgusted. BELFAST, August 20,-The Orangemen here are very much irritated over Churchiff's defense of the police engaged here during the riots. The Orangemen assert that the police officials have contrived to mislead Lord Randolph and declare the fact of the case warrant the susplcion that an undestanding exists between the police and Catholics of Belfast.

DUBLIN, August 20.—The Freeman's Journal, commenting on the government's Irish policy as indicated by Salisbury in the house of lords last evening, says: "The government's Irish policy should be one of immediate action. The ministers have given no reason why they should not be forced trom their present driveling attitude of procrastination. The Irish party listened to Churchill last evening in the commons with disgust and indignation." disgust and indignation.

Petroleum on Fire. LONDON, August 20 .- A fire broke out on Dudgeon's wharf on which are stored 40,000 barrels of petroleum. Five thousand barrels are already destroyed and it is feared the rest cannot be saved.

Off to Samoa. MELBOURNE, August 20.-The United States man-of-war Mohican sailed for the Samoan islands. She will remain there during the sitting of the commission appointed to settle the Samoan affair. Steamer Foundered.

LONDON, August 20 .- The British steamer Aberdeen from Hankow for London, with 5,500 tons of tea, foundered while leaving the China sea. The fate of the crew is un-Distress in Ireland.

London, August 29.—The Cork branch of the National league has adopted a resolution that the agrarian distress in Ireland requires the immediate attention of the government.

EZRA MILITARD'S DEATH. A Prominent Citizen of Omaha Dies Suddenly at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, N. Y., August 20,-[Special Telegram to the BEE, |-Ex-Mayor Ezra Millard, of Omaha, arrived here the evening of August 18 and went to the Grand Union hotel, where he was accustomed to stop. The house being full, he was sent to the Windsor, where he spent the night and took breakfast. He dined at the Grand Union yesterday and was assigned to room 702. He seemed to be in excellent health and last evening con-versed for some time with George versed for some time with George S. Adams, the room clerk, with whom he has been acquainted for twenty years. Mr. Millard retired to his room shortly before midnight and soon after sent for the house physician, Dr. L. C. Burchard, of New York. Dr. Burchard attended at once, but Mr. Millard passed away about fifteen minutes later in the presence o about liteen minutes later in the presence of the physician. The remains were taken in charge by undertakers E. Holmes & Son, and have been embalmed. It is said that a son of the deceased, Mr. Alfred Millard, will come

Mr. Millard's sudden death has been a severe shock to many friends here who were ustomed to meet him and who regarded him very highly.

SEDGWICK ON THE SCENE. The American Envoy Enters the Mexican Territory.

El Paso, Tex., August 20,-Envoy Sedgwick arrived this evening at 4 o'clock and was escorted immediately across the river to Paso del Norte to Consul Bingham's office, where a secret conference of about an hour's duration took place. From there he was es-corted to the Mexican Central depot, where he took a train for the City of Mexico at 7 O'clock. He says his mission is to Minister Jackson alone, and his credetials are directed to that gentleman. After a conference with him he will return to Paso del Norte and enter upon a minte and thorough investienter upon a minute and thorough investi-gation of the Cutting ease. The department of state at Washington will take no steps

until he returns his report. Furious Gate at Galveston. GALVESTON, August 20.-1:45 a. m.-A violent easterly gale prevails here, the wind blowing at the rate of forty-five miles an hour and constantly increasing in velocity. The whole southern and southeastern portions of the city are inundated by water, and many families have been driven out and compelled to seek shelter at the hotels down compelled to seek shelter at the notes down town. The street railway along the beach has been torn up and, the waters of the gulf are now over the lower gallery of the Beach hotel. Much apprehension is felt for families residing at exposed points, a shipping anchored in the outer roads.

The American Bar Association SARATOGA, August 20.—The American Bar association met this morning and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Thomas J. Semmes of Louisiana; secretary. Edward Otis Hinckley of Maryland; executive committee. Luke P. Poland of Vermont: C. C. Bouney, Chicago, and Simeon E, Baldwin, New Haven.

Grover's Usual Luck. PROSPECT House, Adirondacks, August 20.—The president had his usual good luck to-day. His guide, Dave, dressed the fish which was a salmon that weighed five pounds. A house warming and presidential reception are amon't the possibilities at an early date. The hotel guests are gradually becoming acquainted with the president and black it.

Nominated After Many Ballots. St. Paul, August 20.-On the one hun dred and twenty-sixth bailot John A. Lovely was nominated to succeed Miles White in the First congressional district. 'The ballot resulted: Lovely, 44; White, 33; Mullen, L.

He Will Resign. WASHINGTON, August 20.—Consul Green-banm, of Samoa, who turned up in Washington yesterday, will not return to his post, at least not officially. He will resign.

Business Failures.

of business failures during the last seven days throughout the United States and Canada is 186.

NEW YORK, August 20 .- The total number

Fifteen Thousand People Attend the North

Nebraska Veterans Reunion.

LAD'S STRANGE KILLING.

Ralph Crowley Shot Dead by a Companion Near Albion-Work of Flames at Fairmont-A Crazy Father's Deed.

Close of the Reunion. NORFOLK, Neb., August 20.- | Special Telegram to the BEE. |-The veterans in Camp

Manderson were astir early this morning and the day gave promise of being bright and full of interest to the visitors. The number n attendance was largely increased by incoming trains, the train from the west on the Elkhorn line bringing in the largest number. The number on the grounds was estimated at 15,000. The usual formal routine work of mounting guard by the regulars was followed at 9 o'clock by an excellent sermon to the Grand Army boys by Rev. J. V. Lewis, chaplain at Fort Niobrara, which was attentively listened to by a large crowd. At 10 o'clock the grand parade occurred. The column was headed by General Brisbin, Chief of Staff Valentine, Lieutenants Bingham and Stevens, and other members of the staff, and General Thayer, department commander, followed by three companies of the Ninth cavalry under the direction of Captain Cusick and Lieutenants Hughes and Emmett, together with the various Grand Army posts and bands. The column made an imposing appearance, with its dress parade uniform and flying streamers. The line of march was from the camp to the city and through the principal streets. On Main street there was a liberal display of bunting and arches, and on the balcony of the local Grand Army hall a bevy of gaily attired ladies represented the states of the union. Although the day was hot, and the march of some length, the veterans bore it good-naturedly as a reminder of other days. Before reaching camp the column passed in review before the officers in charge,

During the afternoon the band contest occurred for the two prizes-first prize, \$100; second prize, \$50. The Helicon band of Niobrara was ruled out, on the ground that it was under pay of the committee, but not until the other leaders confessed they were afraid to compete with it. The bands engaging in the contest were those of Frenont, Neligh, Wayne, Madison and Ainsworth. The judges chosen by the bands were, B. W. Morris, F. J. Childs and R. D. Scott. The judges awarded the first prize to the Madison cowboy band, and second to Ainsworth. Each band was required to play two selections. In place of the sham battle, which the commanding officers thought imprudent to give on account of the heat and fear of attending accidents, a drill was given by the colored cavairy. The evolutions of the troops were watched with interest by a great second prize, \$50. The Helicon band of roops were watched with interest by a great

During the day the ex-prisoners of war formed a temporary organization, which is to be completed at the Grand Island reunion. L. C. Washburn, of Norfolk, was elected president and B. F. Goodwin, of Emerson, secretary. This evening the ex-prisoners are holding a camp-fire on the grounds and relating experiences in prison pers relating experiences in prison pens.

The reunion practically closed to-night, although a great many visitors are still tenting on the grounds. To-morrow General Brisbin's forces will strike tents and return to their quarters at Fort Niobrara, having greatly enjoyed their visit hera. The reunion has been a great success and has passed tion has been a great success and has passed without an accident to mar the pleasure. Good order and decorum have prevailed at all times, and the absence of drunkenness and rowdyism in the camp has been marked. arge number of Grand Army men and vis-itors who have been in attendance go away with the best of feeling toward the reunion committee and people of Norfolk, who have been taxed to their utmost in extending a liberal hospitality. General Brisbin and his aides have been courteous and pleasant to all with whom they came in contact, and their presence with the troops and Indian braves contributed largely troops and Indian braves contributed largely to the success of the affair. The Freemont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley road is also en-titled to great credit for efforts to make the encampment a success. General Passenger Agent Buchanan and General Manager Fitch aided the reunion committee materially by transporting General Brisbin's forces free and in other directions. Assistant Passen-ger Agents Lewis and Chevney were on the grounds to render any assistance needed grounds to render any assistance needed.

The chief interest attending this and other reunions has been the bringing of old comrades together. There has been many joyous and affecting meetings among comrades. All the western states have been largely represented. A Minnesota veteran said to the BEE reporter that there were five times as many Minnesota boys registered as he had ever seen at any reunion in this city. The camp-fire feature is another great attraction. Com-rade Washburne has talked himself hoarse in presiding over these gatherings. In a social point of view the encampment has been a

A Mysterious Killing. Albion, Neb., August 20.—[Special Telegram to the Bee.]—On last Sunday Ralph M. Crowley, about sixteen years, and Samuel Hardy, about twenty years, went out hunting. Raiph was living at home with his father, who resides on a farm about one mile from Albion. Hardy was working for Mr. Crowley, and living with him. Shortly after 7 p. m. Hardy returned home, and when asked where Ralph was, replied that he had refused to return to the house with him as he wished to hunt awhile longer. About dark Mr. Crowley became anxious for his son's return and went out looking for him. Not finding him, he asked Hardy to go to the neighbors and inquire for Ralph, and if they had not seen him, to get them to go in search of the boy. Quite a party gathered at Mr. Crowley's house and divided themselves into parties and traveled in different directions, Hardy going in one About 6 o'clock Monday morning the About 6 o'clock Monday morning the body of Kalph was found not far from his father's house lying dead in the field with his gun, apparently bursted, lying by his side. Several susplcious circumstances caused the coroner to summon a jury. At the inquest Hardy testified that he was hunting with the deceased during the previous afternoon, and that he left him about 1 o'clock. Being closely questioned he finally admitted that he had shot and killed Ralph, and after killing him he had taken Ralph's gun apart and laid it down beside the body. He said that the shooting was accidental, and that his own gun, as it was laying across his arm, went off, shooting the deceased in the neck, killing him instantly. The coronor's jury brought in a verdict of accidental death.

On Tuesday certain facts came to light which gives a very suspicious look as to the

very enjoyable one.

On Tuesday certain facts came to light which gives a very suspicious look as to the shooting being accidental, and Hardy was arrested on a warrant sworn out by Mr. Crowley. His preliminary examination was fixed for Monday, but at the time set for trial Hardy waived an examination, and was committed to the Boone county jail to await the action of the grand jury at the November term of court. term of court.

Two Fires at Fairmont. FARMONT, Neb., August 20.—[Special Telegram to the Bee.]—What promised to be one of the greatest fires Fairmont has ever had, started in the large warehouse of Presscott & McNeal. The wind was blowing quite hard and the warehouse was within twenty feet of the principal business blocks in the city. Had they caught the loss would have amounted to nearly four hundred thousand dotiars. As it was it only communicated to other warehouses. Presscott & McNeai lose \$10,000; H. Martin loses \$5'00, S. 11, Old-ham and others \$500. This fire had been hardly under control when an ice house,

belonging to L. P. VanSlycke, caught fire. Loss \$200. Our system of waterworks was not completed, and as the nearest hydrant was 500 feet from the fire, a hundred feet of hose had no effect. It is supposed fire bugs got in their work. No insurance was carried. A GLORIOUS DAY AT NORFOLK.

A Crazy Father's Deed. HASTINGS, Neb., August 20,-[Special Telegram to the Bre.]-A farmer named David Mummin, living ten miles south of here, at tempted to stab his son this morning. He has been nearly crazy for some time, and his boy contradicting him this morning, he got a huge knife and attempted to stab the boy. In resisting the boy was pretty badly ent. The sheriff was telegraphed and went down and arrested him, and this evening it takes two men to guard him. He is so heree be will be taken to Lincoln in the morning.

Water Works and Railroads at Albion. ALBION, Neb., August 20.—[Special to the BEE.]—Some time since Albion resolved to issue bonds and build water works. The work on the same has been delayed until this week, when the contractors set a large number of men at work, and the water pipes are now being rapidly laid in our streets. in six weeks Albion will have, if the terms of the contract are carried out, water works over 100 feet high.

of sufficient force to throw a stream of water During the past few months the Northwestern railroad has made a number of surveys of their Scribner branch to Albion. Last week the company informed our citizens that if we would give them \$10,000 in precinct bonds and right of way through the corporate limits of Albion they would build their road to this town, and commence work thereon on or before September 15 next. A paper, pledging the signers to vote for the thereon on or before September 15 next. A paper, pledging the signers to vote for the bonds, has been signed by nearly all the voters of Albion. That part of the precinct outside the village limits is now being canvassed, and I am informed that over two-thirds of the voters in the precinct have signed the paper. There is a very friendly feeling in this locality toward the Northwestern road, and our citizens generally are very anxious that the road should be built to this place.

Charge It to Omaha. COLUMBUS, Neb., August 20.-[Special Telegram to the BEE.]-While visiting Omaha Friday last John F. Wermuth, the leading hardware merchant of this city, had the second finger of his right hand badly crushed in a cab door which was slammed too hastily by the driver. The finger was am-putated this afternoon by Dr. Wirth.

Trial of a Rapist Postponed. SCHUTLER, Neb., August 20. - | Special Telegram to the BEE. ] - The examination of Thomas, for rape, was continued until tomorrow at 10 o'clock. The court house was filled with spectators all day to-day.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Democratic and Republican Financiering Compared.

WASHINGTON, August 20,-[Special Telegram to the BEE. | - The bond call for \$15,000,-000, 3-per cents, made yesterday, is the fifth call maturing during the present fiscal year, The first three were for \$4,000,000, the fourth for \$10,000,000, and that of yesterday for \$15,-000,000, making \$17,000,000 in all. The condition of the treasury under the hoarding policy of the present administration amply warrants the financial operations which are shrewdly being worked as much to aid the bulls in Wall street as to affect the fall elections by preventing criticism upon the democratic party for the failure of the president to approve the Morrison resolution. To comply with the requirements of the sinking fund act the secretary of the treasury must call \$45,000,000 before the 1st of nextJuly. There yet remains, therefore, \$8,000,000 of a margin that the administration can make capital out of before October, and claim a large debt reduction. Had the republicans remained in power the debt reduction to date would have been \$32,000,000 reduction to date would have been \$32,000,000 more than it now is, and observers assert that it will take many years of democratic financiering to equal the report of the republicans in this respect. Ex-Secretary McCullough, one of the greatest of financial authorities, alluding to the point in his last report addressed to the speaker of the house, said: "Nothing has so much surprised European statesmen as the fact that immediately after the termination of one of the most ately after the termination of one of the most expensive and in some respects exhaustive wars that has ever been carried on, the wars that has ever been carried on the United States should have commenced the name of its debt and continued its reduction through all reverses until nearly one-half of it has been paid; that the reduction in the rate of interest has kept pace with the reduction of the principal, and within a period of nineteen years the debt which it was feared would be a heavy and never-ending burden upon the people, has been so managed as to be no longer bur-

densome."

In the nineteen years spoken of by Mr. McCullough, the reduction of the national debt reached the enormous sum of \$1,347,948,632, while the reduction of the annual interest charge for the same period was \$103,653,856,

The New "Hello" Machine. WASHINGTON, Avgust 20.—[Special Tele-gram to THE BEE. |—There were quite a number of exciting rumors atloat to-day in the patent office in relation to telephone matters, although no action has been taken beyond the reinstating of Gray's application. It is said that this patent will be issued eventually as a quick method of disposing of various telephone suits inaugurated by the present administration. A rumor has gained credence here that in issuing Gray's patent the officials will so frame it as not to conflict with claim five of the Bell patent, which is "for the transmission of vocal sounds electrically, and the apparatus therefor." If this course should be pursued, it will leave the Bell company in the enjoyment of its present monopoly for six years, subject, only, to the rivairy of Gray's concern. After that date, when the Bell company's patent expires, any of the other telephones may be

ed upon the market and operated without infringement Secretary Bayard's Scapegoat. WASHINGTON, August 20.—[Special Tele-gram to the Ber.]—Secretary Bayard, after having failed to fix the responsibility of his alleged misinformation upon the Mexican minister, Romero, seems to think that it is necessary to find a scapegoat for his shortcomings, and now his personal organs accuse Consul Brigham of responsibility for Bayard's misinformation. It is asserted that Brigham is to be sacrificed, and that his recall will be ordered as soon as the presi dent returns. Officials of the state department, outside of Bayard's immediate coterie however, assert that Brigham is one of the best consuls in the service, and they regret exceedingly that he should be made to suffer for the exceedingly bad diplomacy of the United States premier.

Currying Favor With Railroads. WASHINGTON, August 20. - Special Tele gram to the BEE. |-Secretary Lamar has approved the maps of the Southern Kansas railroad and has allowed a deflection of forty miles which allows the road to run through the entire length of the Oklahoma country. It is thought this action will open the Oklahoma country to settlement and probably establish a precedent which may be of value to the Manitoba railroad in its efforts to get the right of way through the Montana reserva-tion.

Nebraska Personals. WASHINGTON, August 20,-[Special Tele gram to the BEE. |-W. J. Metice, of Iowa, has been promoted from a \$1,200 to a \$1,600 George B. Coburn, of Lincoln, Neb., is in

## FROM HIS FRIENDS AT HOME.

Three Hundred Irish Citizens Send Patrick Egan a Costly Silver Service-

PRICELESS WORK FOR IRELAND"

An Address of Cordiality-The Happy Culmination of an Event Long Thought of-A Patriotic

Reply.

Rewarding the Faithful. CHICAGO, August 20.-A large meeting was held at the artillery armory on the lake front this evening to hear addresses by Michael Davitt and the Irish parliamentary delegates. An interesting feature of the evening was the presentation to ex-President Egan of the Irish National league of a beautiful service of plate from his friends in Ireland. The presentation was accompanied by an address, signed by nearly three hundred leading Irishmen, from which the following extract is taken to explain the cause of the presentation:

Upon your return to Ireland last December, after a prolonged political exile, many of the foremost citizens of Dublin were de-sirous of entertaining you at a public banquet to testify to the affectionate cordiality with which your fellow citizens were eager to welcome you home. That intention was laid aside in deference to your emphatic intimation, that seourged as Ireland was with coercion, and darkened with hideousiy familiar shades of famine, the moment was not one in which you could be a party to festivities in your honor. While yielding to your wishes in this respect, it was found impossible to repress the anxiety of your friends to take some method of signatizing the gratitude and estcem which you nave earned from your countrymen by me-long services, as modestly given as they were priceless to the Irish cause. Without any public intimation of the object, friends from every part of Ireland sought participation in the compliment. They have made us the medium of tendering to you the accombanying service of plate, more valuable in your eyes because wrought by Irish hands. We beg your acceptance of the gift as a pledge of your countrymen's appreciation of your sterling qualities as an Irishman and your sterling qualities as an Irishman and friend.

friend.

In the course of his reply accepting the gift, Mr. Egan said: "I bez you, sir, to convey to the numerous signers of the aldress and the donors of this presentation my warmest thanks and my assurance that in the future, as in the past, whatever part I may be called upon to take in the national movement—my every effort shall be directed towards keeping the green flag of Ireland nailed to the mast nutil at a not far distant day we shall see it wave over an Irish parliament on College Green making laws for a prosperous and happy Irish nation."

After the presentation to Egan, the reading of the following telegram evoked tremendous cheering:

of the following telegram evoked tremendous cheering:

To Fitzgerald, chairman of the convention, Chicago: I thank the convention of the Irish National league of America for the encouraging message which you send. The ratification by the convention of our policy and action, the order, union and moderation of the proceedings, have created a profound unpression here and added great strength to our cause. (Signed.)

CHARLES STEWART PARNELL.

Among the speakers at the meeting were

Among the speakers at the meeting were samuel J. Randall. O'Brien, editor of United Ireland, Alexander Sullivan and others.

The Committee Votes Thanks. CHICAGO, August 20,-A meeting of the new national committee of the Irish National league was held to-day, with President John Fitzgerald, of Nebraska, in the chair. Before proceeding to the regular business of the meeting, John F. Armstrong, of Georgia,

moved the following resolution: Resolved, That the new national executive committee of the Irish National League of America deems it its first duty to thank Patrick Egan for the courage and ability dis-played by him in the fulfillment of his duties as president of the league, and that our best ishes go with him in his retirement from

wishes go with him in his retirement from office.

The motion was seconded by the second vice president, Rev. Father P. A. McKenna, and after speeches of approval were made by President Fitzgerald, H. J. Cloran, editor of the Montreal Post; H. F. Kelly, of Virginia; W. T. Kelly, of Minnesota; Judge Fitzgerald, of Cincinnati, and others, it was carried unanimously. President Fitzgerald was then authorized to appoint a conference commitauthorized to appoint a conference commit-tee of seven. It is expected that he will an-nounce the names to-morrow. The remain-der of the session was occupied in disposing of numerous matters of a purely routine char

Postoffice Changes.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—[Special Telegram to the Bee.]—The following Nebraska postoffices were established to-day: Ansley, Custer county, Samuel Royds, postmaster; Jaong, Clay county, Wm. C. Ramsey, postmaster.

postmistress of Lett, Furnas county, vice Mrs. Emma J. Morrill, resigned. The following offices were discontinued: Swan and Frenchtown, Antelope county; Lawn, Dawes county, and Mohart, Richard-

Mrs. Mary J. McGuan was to-day appointed

son county. Geronimo Wants to Surrender. Washington, August 20.—Official information of a desire of Geronimo to surrender. was received at the war department. The

dispatch contains nothing in addition to the information telegraphed to the press from the west as already published. A Wreck Near Creston. CRESTON, Ia., August 20.-[Special Telegram to the BEE. |-An open switch caused the wreck of a freight train a mile west of Osceola at 3:30 this morning. Fourteen cars and the engine were demolished. Brakeman

House and Engineer Burgett were slighly injured, the latter internally. Nebraska and lowa Weather. For Nebraska and Iowa: Fair weather, slightly cooler.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Combines, in a manner peculiar to itself, the best blood-purifying and strengthening remsdies of the vegetable kingdom. You will find this wonderful remedy effective where other medicines have failed. Try it now. It will

purify your blood, regulate the digestion, and give new life and vigor to the entire body "Hood's Sarsaparilla did me great good. I was tired out from overwork, and it toned me up." Mrs. G. E. Simmons, Cohoes, N. Y. "I suffered three years from blood poison. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and think I am

cured." MRS. M. J. DAVIS, Brockport, N. Y. Purifies the Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st, the combination of remedial agents; 2d, the proportion; 3d, the process of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown, Send for book containing additional evidence. "Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and seems to make me over." J. P. Thompson, Register of Deeds, Lowell, Mass.
"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." I. Bahntngron, 130 Bank Street, New York City.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$6. Minds only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar.